

Appendix D

Appendix D contains information on using the Diagnosis Codes in the Software System.

Several Common Conditions and their Diagnosis Codes



Hints on Locating Diagnosis Codes in the Software System

The following conditions sometimes pose a problem to LOCET Intake Analysts when inputting diagnosis codes into the software system. This appendix will serve as a tool for ease of look-up in the system for these diagnosis codes.

The information on the web site <http://www.icd9data.com/> was used in conjunction with medical knowledge to determine the solutions noted here. If other diagnosis codes pose problems in coding documents within the software system, those difficulties should be addressed with the system administrator for guidance.

1. AIDS – Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome

Free Diagnosis Codes Lookup > 2007 > Infectious And Parasitic Diseases 001-139 > Human Immunodeficiency Virus 042-042 > Human immunodeficiency virus (hiv) disease 042.* >

ICD-9-CM Diagnosis 042
Human immunodeficiency virus (hiv) disease

- one or more indicator diseases, depending on laboratory evidence of HIV infection (CDC); late phase of HIV infection characterized by marked suppression of immune function resulting in opportunistic infections, neoplasms, and other systemic symptoms (NIAID).
- An acquired defect in immune system function caused by human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). AIDS is associated with increased susceptibility to certain cancers and to opportunistic infections, which are infections that occur rarely except in individuals with weak immune systems.
- A syndrome resulting from the acquired deficiency of cellular immunity caused by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). It is characterized by the reduction of the Helper T-lymphocytes in the peripheral blood and the lymph nodes. Symptoms include generalized lymphadenopathy, fever, weight loss, and chronic diarrhea. Patients with AIDS are especially susceptible to opportunistic infections (usually pneumocystis carini pneumonia, cytomegalovirus (CMV) infections, tuberculosis, candida infections, and cryptococcosis), and the development of malignant neoplasms (usually non-Hodgkin's lymphoma and Kaposi's sarcoma). The human immunodeficiency virus is transmitted through sexual contact, sharing of contaminated needles, or transfusion of contaminated blood. -- 2004
- any state of infection accompanied by evidence of HIV in the body (positive test for HIV genome, cDNA, proteins, antigens, or antibodies); may be medically asymptomatic or symptomatic; use AIDS when appropriate.

SEARCH FOR:

Human Immunodeficiency

SELECT:

Code 042

Search completed. 0 item(s) found.

Search For: Custom Entry:

Select From List Cancel Select From Custom

Lookup Item	Code / Description
Asymptomatic Human Immunodeficiency Virus (Hiv) In	V08
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (Hiv) Counseling	V65.44
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (Hiv) Disease	042
Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 2 (Hiv-2)	042.80
Nonspecific Serologic Evidence Of Human Immunodeficiency Virus	795.71

2. COPD -- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

SEARCH FOR:

Airway

SELECT:

Code 496

Search completed. 1 item(s) found.

Search For: Custom Entry:

Select From List Cancel Select From Custom

Lookup Item	Code / Description
Chronic Airway Obstruction Not Elsewhere Classified	496

3. CVA – Stroke – Cerebrovascular Accident

SEARCH FOR:

cerebrovascular

SELECT:

Code 437.9

Search completed. 35 item(s) found.

Search For: cerebro

Select From List Cancel Select From Custom Entry:

Lookup Item	Code / Description
Acute Bistyl Defect Cerebrovascular Disease	436
Unspecified Cerebrovascular Disease	437.9
Dysphagia Late Effect Of Cerebrovascular Disease	438.82
Late Effects Of Cerebrovascular Disease	438
Unspecified Late Effects Of Cerebrovascular Disease	438.9
Aphasia Late Effect Cerebrovascular Disease	438.11
Antepartum Cerebrovascular Disorders	674.03
Apraxia Cerebrovascular Disease	438.81
Cerebrospinal Fluid Otorrhea	388.61
Cerebrospinal Fluid Rhinorrhea	349.81
Cerebrovascular Disorders In The Puerperium	674.0
Cerebrovascular Disorders Occurring In Pregnancy C	674.00
Cerebrovascular Disorders With Delivery With Or Wi	674.01
Cerebrovascular Disorders With Delivery With Postp	674.02
Congenital Anomalies Of Cerebrovascular System	747.81
Facial Weakness Late Effect Cerebrovascular Disease	438.83
Family History Of Stroke (Cerebrovascular)	V17.1
Iatrogenic Cerebrovascular Infarction Or Hemorrhag	997.02
Monoplegia Of Lower Limb Affecting Dominant Side Late Effect Cerebrovascular Disease	438.41
Monoplegia Of Lower Limb Affecting Nondominant Side Late Effect Cerebrovascular Disease	438.42

4. Fibromyalgia

SEARCH FOR:

myalgia

SELECT:

Code 729.1

Search completed. 3 item(s) found.

Search For: myal

Select From List Cancel Select From Custom Entry:

Lookup Item	Code / Description
Polymyalgia Rheumatica	726
Myalgia And Myositis Unspecified	729.1
Eosinophilic Myalgia Syndrome	710.5

5. Hepatitis

SEARCH FOR:

chronic hepatitis

SELECT:

Code 571.4

Search completed. 5 item(s) found.

Search For: chronic hep

Select From List Cancel Select From Custom Entry:

Lookup Item	Code / Description
Chronic Hepatitis	571.4
Chronic Hepatitis C With Hepatic Coma	070.44
Chronic Hepatitis C Without Hepatic Coma	070.54
Chronic Hepatitis Unspecified	571.40
Other Chronic Hepatitis	571.49

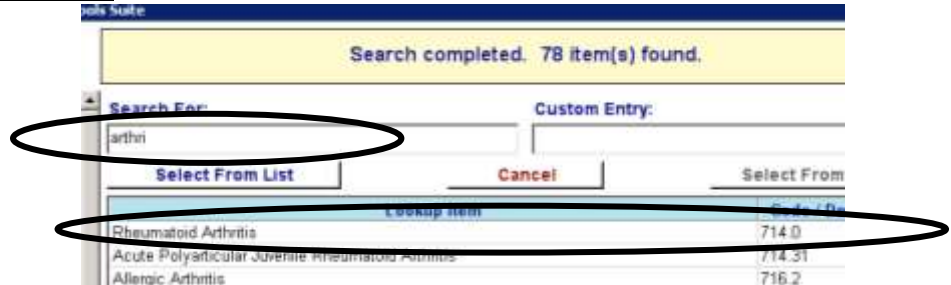
6. Rheumatoid Arthritis

SEARCH FOR:

arthritis

SELECT:

714.0



Hints on Locating Diagnosis Codes in the Software System

Chronic or Unspecified	For OAAS purposes, the diagnosis codes entered on documents may be assumed to be “chronic” or “unspecified” <u>in the absence of other specific information which would indicate otherwise</u> . For instance, if the client states that she has “hepatitis,” the intake analyst does not need to question the client as to which type of hepatitis it is and / or whether she feels she is having an acute flare-up of that condition. The analyst should search for “Chronic Hepatitis.”
Usually search on “main part” of diagnosis	As a rule, the main part of the diagnosis should be what the user types into the “Search for:” field. That is, when accessing a code for Rheumatoid Arthritis, the user should not begin typing the descriptor “Rheumatoid,” but begin with the main part of the term, “Arthritis.” There are some exceptions to this general rule, as noted in item 5 above, “Chronic Hepatitis.” This main part of the diagnosis may even be a portion of a word, as in the case of “fibromyalgia,” Item 4 above. The search must be made on the root, “myalgia.”
Only a portion of a word may be what is needed to view the diagnosis	The diagnosis code listing will pull up all entries which match the user’s input in the “Search for:” field, as the letters are typed. As seen in Items 3 – 6 above, the proper diagnosis code was visible before the user had completed typing the entire word.
Medical knowledge is sometimes needed	There are cases where the software system user will need the expertise of someone who has medical background in order to determine a correct diagnosis code in the software system (as in Items 1 and 2 above). For any difficulties in determining the proper diagnosis code, assistance from medical personnel is available by contacting the software system administrator.